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Introduction

Oranjemund is a diamond mining town situated in the //Kharas Region on the extreme southwest of Namibia and on the northern bank of the mouth of the Orange River.

The objectives of OMDis Town Transform Agency are to:

- ☐ Support existing businesses to become more sustainable.
- Develop new SMEs and a culture of entrepreneurship.
- Create large new industry platforms that can support the economy alongside or instead of mining.

OMDis identified projects that would enable a sustainable economic transformation, including Tourism, Healthcare, Agriculture, SME Development, Education, Renewable Energy and Property Development.

The Oranjemund Agriculture project will evaluate the viability of a **medium to large scale agriculture industry on approximately 500ha** of land along the lower Orange River that specifically supports the overarching town transformation journey with a specific focus on the **creation of sustainable jobs, SMEs, food security for Namibia** as well as the regional role for agriculture against the other planned economic drivers. This project determines the economic and technical feasibility of such an industry to a pre-feasibility level of detail.



Project Phases and activities

The methodology is based on our understanding to achieve the expected project outcome. To date phase 1 and phase 2 have been completed as well as a site visit. Phase 3 of the project is currently underway with a focus on identifying a list of viable crop options that can be investigated in more detail.



Agricultural Aspiration

What can the agricultural industry do for Oranjemund?





Risks to achieving success

During the project inception the following risks have been identified that have to be considered to ensure the success of this Agriculture project. Things that can derail the project:

- Access to land.
- Human wildlife conflict.
- Stakeholders not working together.
- ☐ Water abstraction licences Quantity not enough Quality salty.
- ☐ Non-viable agriculture proposals.
- ☐ Competing ideas of land use / visions some stakeholders pushing for community subsistence farming.







Identifying

possible synergies and stakeholders

Oranjemund Stakeholders

- Trans Boundary
 Stakeholders
- ORASECOM (Orange-Senqu River Commission)
- OMD 2030
- Oranjemund Community
- NAMDEB Employees & Contractors
- Oranjemund SMEs
- Competing ideas of land use / visions some stakeholders pushing for community subsistence farming.

Government Stakeholders

- ☐ Oranjemund Town Council (critical)
- Oranjemund Constituency Office (subsistence farming)
- Kharas Regional Council
- Governor's Office Keetmanshoop
- MEFT Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism
- MME Ministry of Mines & Energy
- NCCI Chamber of Commerce (Oranjemund)
- Ministry of Agricultre, Water & Land Reform
- ☐ Ministry of Fisheries & Marine resources
- Ministry of Urban & Rural Development





Feasibility Matrix Work in Progress

	Climate & Environmental Resilience	Technical Viability & Complexity	Funding / Affordability	Scalability
Vegetables	Suitable for the regions climate.		Netting will be required with associated establishment cost impact.	Processing potential
Raisins	Highly suitable for the regions climate		Netting of orchards might be required with associated establisment cost impact.	
Olives	Highly suitable for the regions climate	Relatively low water requirement.		Processing options - bottled olives and olive oil.
Pomegran- ates	Suitable for the regions climate.		Netting will be required with associated establishment cost impact.	Processing options - (high value juices.
Figs	Suitable for the regions climate.	Relatively low water requirement.	Netting will be required with associated establishment cost impact.	Processing options - (dried/ canned/jam).
Prickly pears	Suitable for the regions climate.	Relatively low water requirement.		Processing op- tions - (canned/ jam).
Blueberries	Possibly suitable for the regions climate suitable for the regions climate.	Hi-tech inputs required	Netting of (and possible climate control) orchards will be required with associated establishment cost impact	Processing options

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A feasibility matrix was developed to assess different crop options in order to identify the most viable crop options. These crops we assessed based on Oranjemund transformation objectives.

Commercially viable (cost - competitive)	Socially & Economically equitable (the town)	Integration opportunities (Links to the region and the wider area)	Legal & Contractual viability	Overall Assessment
Local export market potential	High employment potential.			Viable Option
Global export market potential	High employment potential.			Viable Option
	Moderate employment potential.			Viable Option
Regional export market potential.	High employment potential.			Viable Option
	Moderate employment potential. Regional export market potential.			Viable Option
Regional export market potential.	Relatively low employment potential			Viable Option
Regional and Global export market potential.	High employment potential.	Due to recent exponential expansion of RSA industry the markets may become under pressure.	Bi-lateral export protocols with importing countries required.	Viable Option





	Climate & Environmental Resilience	Technical Viability & Complexity	Funding / Affordability	Scalability
Table grapes	Highly suitable for the regions climate		Netting of orchards might be required with associated establishment cost impact.	
Almonds	Moderately suitable for the regions climate.	Relatively low water requirement.		Processing options
Almonds	Moderately suitable for the regions climate.	Relatively low water requirement.		Processing options
Citrus	Highly suitable for the regions climate		Netting of rchards might be required with associated establishment cost impact.	
Grain crops	The hot, dry, and windy climate of the area is not suitable for dryland production	Irrigated production will not be financially competitive with (dry land) production in the more temperate regions of Namibia.		
Stone and Pome fruit	The area has insufficient cold units to induce the required winter dormancy			
Pecan Nuts		The deep and extensive rooting system of Pecan requires soil with a higher water holding capacity and grows best in areas with a relatively high natural water table		



Commercially viable (cost - competitive)	Socially & Economically equitable (the town)	Integration opportunities (Links to the region and the wider area)	Legal & Contractual viability	Overall Assessment
Other southern hemisphere countries have become competitive in the early export market window.	High employment potential.			Viable Option
Regional export market potential.	Relatively low employment potential			Viable Option
Regional export market potential.	Relatively low employment potential			Viable Option
Other southern hemisphere countries have become competitive in the early export market window.	High employment potential.		Legal structures not in place to export Citrus from Namibia	Viable Option
Irrigated production will not be financially competitive				Exclude Optior
				Exclude Optior
				Exclude Optior

Feasibility Matrix Work in Progress



	Environmental	· Viahility &	Funding / Affordability	Scalability
Subtropi- cal crops (banana, mango, macadamia	The hot, dry, and windy climate of the area and the low waterholding-capacity of the soils is not suitable for competitive subtropical fruit production			

Next Steps May 2022

The next phase of the project will be aimed at conducting a detailed feasibility analysis on the identified viable crop options.

Task 1
Project initiation &
deskton review

Task 2
Contextualisation
study

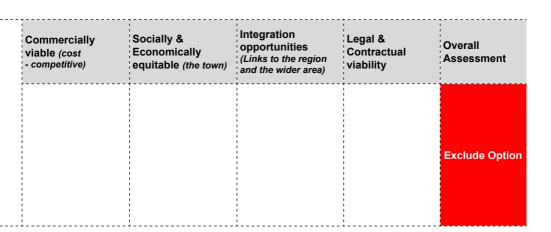
Task 3
Agriculture & market study

Task 4
Feasibility
study

Furthermore the feasibility study will not only consider the technical viability and affordability but will investigate which options will have the biggest impact on unlocking socio-economic development and opportunities for the town of Oranjemund. Furthermore the scalability of the options will also be assessed to ensure that the recommended ideal options will be able to grow into large scale commercial farming.

The deliverable shall be packaged (as far as possible) to position the preferred options so that they appeal to potential funders towards implementation





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